

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, MAR. 10, 1898.

No. 21

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

New Century
Cattle Food

NEW BOOKS

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Druggists and Stationers,
QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T.

Incorporated 1870.

HUDSON'S BAY
COMPANY.

This Is
Our
Bargain Month.

BARGAINS
IN
Dress Goods,
Furs,
Hosiery,
Ribbons,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Felt Boots,
Overshoes,
Moccasins,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Crocery and
Glassware,

AT THE

Hudson's Bay Co'y
Fort Qu'Appelle.

PARTIES DESIRING TO SEE AN UP-
TO-DATE CREAM SEPARATOR WILL
CALL AT J. DOOLITTLE'S FURNI-
TURE STORE.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY Qu'Appelle Valley Flour Mills, Fort Qu'Appelle

ESTABLISHED 1884.

GRISTING.

Brain, Shorts, Chop, Cracked Wheat,

Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuff. Full supply always on hand at
Creamer & Gray's Qu'Appelle Station.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,
BANKERS,
Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS
PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed
on Deposit Accounts.

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MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA,
Toronto.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of
the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assa.

CITY MEAT MARKET

D. BROWN,

(Successor to R. Johnston.)

WHOLESALE
AND RETAIL

Butcher.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, AND
POULTRY.

Fresh and Smoked Fish always on hand.
Pork (Fresh and Salt), Bacon, Smoked
Hams, Shoulders, Bologna and Pork
Sausages.

CALL AND SEE US.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station. Assa

WOLSELEY

FLOUR.

Buckwheat Flour
Graham Flour
Oats, Rolled Oats
Indian Meal
Timothy Seed
Herbageum
Flax Seed.

Flax Seed Meal. Meal from No. 1
hard wheat.

ALWAYS ON HAND
- GIVE US A CALL.

W. McFARLANE,
One door north of Massey-Harris building,
Qu'Appelle Station.

FLOUR { HUNGARIAN PATENT
STRONG BAKERS,
GRAHAM

THE SUNBEAM
Farming Company
(Limited),
London, England, and Indian Head

Having resolved to wind up,
The Horses, Oxen & Implements

Will be sold
BY AUCTION

for cash, at an early date, unless otherwise
disposed of. Time and place will be
announced in good time.

ALBERT A. M. DALE, Liquidator
1644 Qu'Appelle Station.

NOTICE.
CANADA,
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

Tenders for Construction of Bridges.
Tenders will be received addressed to
the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina,
and marked "Tender for Bridge," as num-
bered below, up to the 15th April, 1898,
for the construction of the following
bridges:—

60. Bridge over Lagoon, between sections
5 and 6, township 21, range 13, west
second meridian.

62. Bridge over Pheasant Creek, section
9, township 21, range 12, west second
meridian.

63. Bridge over ravine, between sections
10 and 11, township 21, range 12, west
second meridian.

64. Bridge over Qu'Appelle river at
Klyne's Crossing, section 13, township
19, range 12, west second meridian.

66. Substructure for bridge over Qu'Ap-
pelle river at Blackwood crossing, section
9, township 19, range 11, west second
meridian.

The plans and specifications for bridges
60, 62 and 63 can be seen at office of S.
Brodie, D. L. S., Fort Qu'Appelle.
Plans and specifications for bridges 64
and 66 can be seen at office of Mr. George
Thompson, Indian Head.

The construction of all bridges to be com-
pleted before the 1st of August, 1898.

A marked cheque or postoffice order, or
express order, payable to the Commissioner
of Public Works, for five per cent. of the
amount of tender must accompany all ten-
ders over \$200, which sum will be forfeited
if the successful tenderer fails to enter into
a contract for the work when called upon
to do so, or fails to complete the work.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily
accepted. J. S. DENNIS,

Deputy Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Regina,
March 4, 1898.

For Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE either one of the
two following bulls, namely, one short
horn round bull, three years old, from im-
ported stock; one black Galloway bull, three
years old. For particulars apply to
1644 J. R. NORTH, Fort Qu'Appelle.

If you want to BUY or SELL ad-
vertise in The Progress.

Reduced Flour Rates.

The reduction of 20 to 25 cents
per 100 pounds on flour from Win-
nipeg and common points to British
Columbia points will prove special-
ly welcome to Manitoba millers at
the present time. It is a well
known fact to those familiar with
the grain trade (agitators to the
contrary notwithstanding) that
wheat usually brings a considerably
higher price, comparatively, in
Manitoba than in the agricultural
districts of the Pacific coast states.
Owing to the low price of wheat in
those states, the millers of Oregon
and Washington states have been
able to supply a large part of the
flour trade of British Columbia and
the Klondike. They have also the
advantage of low water freights.
Since the reduction in the flour
duty last June, the Manitoba mil-
lers have had a very hard fight to
maintain a hold in the British
Columbia markets, and at times
they have been compelled to sell at
an actual loss, or else withdraw
from the field. The present re-
duction in rates will help the mil-
lers here to the extent of 20 to 25
cents per barrel.

The reduction in wheat freight
rates from Manitoba eastward, of
course, has the effect of advancing
the price of wheat in Manitoba,
compared with wheat prices in the
Pacific coast states, thus making it
more difficult for our millers to
compete with Pacific coast millers
in British Columbia markets.—
Commercial.

Encouraging.

The secretary of the board of
directors of the Qu'Appelle cream-
ery received on Monday the follow-
ing letter from Jas. W. Robertson,
dairy commissioner, which explains
itself:

Ottawa, Feb. 28, 1898.

Dear Sir—Enclosed please find
cheque in payment of balance due
to you for butter made at the
creamery during the season of 1897.
The average price realized for but-
ter at the creamery was 18.5 cents
per pound. The net value of the
butter, after deducting cost of mak-
ing, drawing, etc., was 13.5 cents
per pound. A detailed statement
is being printed and will be for-
warded as soon as possible. Yours
truly,

Jas. W. Robertson, Com.

The result must be highly grat-
ifying to the patrons of the cream-
ery, considering the lateness in
opening and the many difficulties
with which the management had to
 contend. This year, however, things
are different, and patrons may look
forward to even better results.

A Noted Horse Dead.

The following news item, clipped
from the Chicago Horseman, will
be of interest to horsemen here:
Happiness (2:17½) by Judge Salis-
bury, dam by Barney Wilkes, is
dead. She was owned by H. M.
Goodin, proprietor of the Bingham
house, Philadelphia, Pa. She was
bought by her late owner in 1895
as a four-year-old at auction for
\$1900. John Reamer sent her a
mile over the Belmont track early
in August in 2:11. This mare was
bred on the same farm at Lexington,
Ky., and in the same lines as
Wabana (9146) now owned at Fort
Qu'Appelle.

Curling.

The following rinks left today
to take part in the bonspiel at Fort
Qu'Appelle:

J. Sargent, A. Gray, J. Mc-
Naughton, R. Johnston, skip; A.
Slater, J. McDonald, W. Wait, J.
McEwen, skip; J. Booth, T. Wilson,
J. Wilson, W. Henderson, skip.

The Progress has the latest and
most improved facilities for doing
all kinds of Job Printing.

THE "HARDY IDEALS."

Mr. Hardie, manager and owner of the
"Hardie Ideals," has made a reputation for
himself taking scenes of the Northwest with
the animated picture camera. His pictures
are used by the Provincial and Dominion
governments in England to promote emi-
gration, and have been the most effective
means of representing life in the west as
we actually see it.

The "Hardie Ideals" carry an animated
picture machine and show all the local
scenes, besides a number of the best foreign
pictures supplied by the Edison company.
Among the most notable are the harvesting
scenes on Hon. Thos. Greenway's farm,
showing the Manitoba premier as the
busiest farmer in the country stacking his
grain, and Hon. Robt. Watson managing a
threshing outfit; the Winnipeg Dragoons
riding into Fort Osborne barracks, C.P.R.
trains in full speed and the scenes portray-
ing life in the Klondike, and the celebrated
Queen's Jubilee procession in London,
altogether a collection of 92 pictures.

The members of the company are Milla,
Atlantis, the famous serpentine dancer.
The calcium light apparatus to show her
act alone cost Mr. Hardie \$700. This is a
novelty never shown west of Winnipeg be-
fore.

Miss Alice Galbraith, a serio-comic singer
and the champion Highland dancer of Am-
erica. Miss Galbraith has the reputation
of being one of the best performers on the
American stage.

Arthur L. Saunders is the comedian of
the company, and reports from points
where he has appeared pronounce him
clean, clever and very amusing.

Miss Florence M. Ward is also a member
of the company. Her reputation needs no
comment from us. She has a national
reputation as a finished classical singer and
pianist. Miss Ward alone should ensure
a large audience in Qu'Appelle.

Mr. Hardie will take some pictures here
for the emigration department if the
weather is favorable, which will materially
assist in bringing our town before the
world. They will show in the town hall
tomorrow (Friday) night.

The March number of the Delin-
tor is called the early spring
number, and is an interesting one,
as it contains the first announce-
ment of spring fashions and is ad-
mirable in its literary features.
The rapid growth of the Audubon
societies, and the interest taken in
the preservation of song birds,
makes extremely opportune on
"The Audubon Societies and Their
Work," by Frank M. Chapman,
Assistant Curator in the American
Museum of Natural History. Lady
Currie, the wife of the British Am-
bassador to Turkey, contributes a
sprightly paper on "Country-House
Life in England." As necessarily
few subjects can be touched on
here, we recommend a careful
study of the contents of the mag-
azine.



"She comes from the past and re-visits
my room
She looks as she did then, all beauty
and bloom,
So smiling and tender, so fresh and
so fair,
And yonder she sits in my cane-
bottomed chair."

Many a man sits silent and alone in a
house of mourning and conjures up before
his eyes the face and form of the woman
who was once a loving wife and a faithful
helpmate. In thousands of such cases the
wife might still be alive and well and
happy, had the man been not only a good
husband, but a wise adviser. Women
shrink from the ordeal of consulting a
physician. They shudder at the thought
of submitting to the obnoxious examina-
tions insisted upon by most physicians.

In the majority of cases they have none
of this hesitancy about consulting their
husbands. A wise man will understand at
once that troubles of this description will
soon break down a woman's general health.
He will understand that a specialist of emi-
nence and world wide reputation should be
frankly consulted at once. Dr. K. V. Pierce,
for thirty years chief consulting physician
to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Insti-
tute, at Buffalo, N. Y., is one of the most
eminent and widely-known specialists in
the world. With the assistance of a staff
of able physicians, he has prescribed for
many thousands of ailing women. He has
discovered a wonderful medicine for wo-
men, that may be used in the privacy of
their homes. It is known as Dr. Pierce's
Favorite Prescription. It cures surely,
speedily and permanently all weakness and
disease of the distinctly feminine organi-
sm. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration,
softens pain, gives rest to the tortured
nerves, and checks debilitating drains.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

A FEW BRIEF PARAGRAPHS FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

The Flotsam and Jetsam of the World
Around us Portrayed in Condensed Items, Which Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

The British army will be increased by 25,000 men.

Chief Justice Burton, of Ontario, has been knighted.

The family of Charles Stuart Parnell are impoverished.

The value of Canadian fisheries for 1897 exceeded \$20,000,000.

Canada's mineral products in 1897 were valued at over \$25,000,000.

The British steamer *Legislator* was burned at sea and six lives lost.

Officer Louis Keller, was killed at South Bend, Ind., in a fight with burglars.

The pope has definitely declared that he is not opposed to Cuban independence.

Six persons were killed and twenty injured in a railway accident at Chicago.

George Collins, twelve years old, stabbed his mother twelve times at Cairo, W. Va.

The C. P. R. are transporting passengers from San Francisco to New York for \$40.

Lady Abbott, widow of deceased Sir John Abbott, ex-premier of Canada, is dead.

Six men were killed by an explosion in the Hull chemical works at Kalamazoo, Mich.

The U. S. relief expedition has been abandoned, and the government is now anxious to sell the provisions and reindeer.

Thirty-one Apache Indians from the Indian Territory are now on their way to Cuba to assist the Cubans in their fight for freedom.

The Kingston Locomotive Works have closed a contract with the minister of railways to build several locomotives for the Intercolonial railway.

Sir Sanford Fleming, K. C. M. G., has been unanimously re-elected chancellor of Queen's university, Kingston, Ont., for a further term of three years.

A formerly respectable old lady, Mrs. Lavinia Kendrick, 72 years of age, of North Head, N. B., has been committed for trial for the murder of the infant of her adopted daughter, Miss Annie Maxwell.

Cyrus G. Brodon, ex-cashier of the First National Bank of Bethlehem, Pa., has been sentenced to seven years in prison. He embezzled twenty thousand dollars. On receiving the sentence he collapsed and was led away weeping.

At a recent sale of rare postage stamps in London, a British Columbia two-penny-half-penny purple imperforate brought the highest price, £21. A New Brunswick shilling, mauve, brought £16 10s; and a Nova Scotian shilling, violet, £9, 12s 6d.

A deputation of brewers, including O'Keefe, of Toronto; Labatt, of London; and Dawes, of Montreal, are now in Ottawa interviewing the government regarding the plebiscite. They want the questions of direct taxation and compensation submitted with the prohibition issue.

At the powder works of Santa Cruz, Cal., the men are busy night and day. Four new presses have been received for the manufacture of smokeless powder. Three are being put into shape for immediate operation. The capacity of the works is two and a half tons of government powder daily, and nine tons of black powder.

Railroads in Trouble.

The Supreme court of the United States recently began a hearing in the joint traffic case in which the United States seeks to have the agreement on the part of the thirty-one leading roads of the country, constituting the Traffic association as formed in 1895, set aside and declared null and void, and to have the association enjoined from operating under this agreement. The case has provided the means of collecting the most formidable array of counsel on the side of the defense that has been seen in the court room for many a day. Solicitor-General Richards, who appeared for the government, opened the case. He cited the agreement between the railroads, and asserted that it was in contravention of the interstate commerce law, in that it sought to restrain trade and commerce among the several states and to prevent competition. He declared also that it violated the anti-trust law. He said there were nine trunk lines embraced in the association and that the object was to cover all competitive traffic passing through or from the western terminal of these lines and thus to practically control the business of the country.

Nine Women Fatally Burned.

Nine lives were lost in a fearful fire which raged for a short time in church street, Charleston, S. C., the other morning. A policeman on duty noticed big sparks flying from the tenement house No. 169 Church street. The officer found a blaze issuing from one of the windows on the first floor. The windows were broken open and the family on that floor rushed out without damage. Somebody yelled to a family of women sleeping on the third floor. The police rushed upstairs, and when they reached the top story the life-saving work was stopped by the flames, which seemed to be playing over the house. The screams from the dying women were heard, and Officer Bagby rushed in and pulled out three charred bodies. The quick work of the fire department checked the fire and it was soon under control, but not until nine lives on the third floor had been lost.

KING GEORGE IN DANGER.

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Assassinate the King of Greece.

An unsuccessful attempt was made the other day to assassinate King George of Greece.

The king was returning from Phalerum in the evening, in a landau, accompanied by the Princess Marie, when two men who were hidden in a ditch alongside the road, opened fire with guns upon the occupant of the carriage. The first shot missed, but the second wounded a footman in the arm. The coachman whipped up his horses, and the royal party dashed away at a gallop. The men fired seven more shots after them, none of which took effect, and the king and princess returned unhurt.

The king states that one of the assassins was dressed in grey clothing, and his majesty declares that he could easily identify him. The attempts upon the king's life caused a great sensation.

When the second shot whizzed past the carriage, the king rose and stood in front of his daughter in order to shield her. One of the horses was slightly wounded. One of the assailants stood in the middle of the road and aimed straight at the king, who noticed that the man's hand was shaking. The shot missed, and the king had a clear view of this man, who, as his majesty says, was barely twenty years old. He continued to fire after the carriage until it was out of range. His companion, who was more cowardly did not leave the ditch. As soon as the news became known, all the leading politicians hastened to the palace to express their congratulations over the death of King George and the princess. The action of his majesty in shielding the princess at the risk of his own life has aroused great enthusiasm.

One of the men who attempted the life of King George of Greece has been arrested. His name is Karditza, and he is a minor employee in the mayor's office at Athens. He refuses to give the name of his accomplice. The municipal councils throughout the country are addressing messages of sympathy to the king, and thousands of congratulatory telegrams are arriving at the palace. The royal family is greatly touched at this expression of loyalty.

Fifteen Years Without Sleep.

Impossible as it may seem, there is a man living in Philadelphia who has not been asleep for fifteen years. He is William R. Kelly, and his condition completely baffles the several physicians he has consulted. Fifteen years ago Kelly had an attack of nervous prostration which so shattered his nerves that he has never since been able to lie down into a sufficiently passive condition as to produce slumber. Kelly says that every night he goes to bed about eleven o'clock, closes his eyes and relaxes his body. Then he waits until morning, with brain as active as at midday, and never once losing consciousness of what transpires around him. Although denied a state of unconsciousness, Kelly obtains the rest necessary to sustain life by forcing himself to lie absolutely quiet a certain number of hours every night, so that nature can accomplish the same work of rebuilding and rejuvenation as occurs during a healthy person's period of unconsciousness. The rest becomes easier in his case because his daily labors are those of brawn and muscle rather than the brain, and fatigue of body is more easily overcome than exhaustion of mind. The result is that when he arises from his dreamless bed the mind is fatigued and the body rested, and then comes relief for the brain in the muscular exercise of manual labor.

No Authority for Change.

When Mary Jones marries John Smith in Colorado she does not necessarily become Mrs. Mary Smith, nor Mrs. John Smith, but simply Mrs. Mary Jones. If a man in that state wants to run a home with one individual name he must have a special contract at marriage. The attorney-general of the state has furnished an opinion that there is no law for women in that state dropping their maiden names on the simple excuse of a wedding. The man is nothing more than a party to a contract, and cannot demonstrate his mental superiority by forcing his family name on the bride. This is the first time the subject has been officially discussed, but the opinion is sweeping. The case calling for a decision, emanated from a woman notary public, who was recently married. She asked under what name she should continue to exist officially and was gratified with the foregoing announcement, that she must sign all documents as before marriage, for, as the attorney-general adds: "There is no authority for a change of name at marriage or any other time."

Pleasure Seekers Instantly Killed.

A dispatch from Chicago says: "A bus filled with pleasure seekers was struck by a Grand Trunk train at the western avenue crossing south of Blue Island in the so-called western part of the city at 9 o'clock. Six of the number were killed and none of the occupants of the vehicle escaped without injury, about twenty being badly hurt.

The train which collided with the omnibus was bound towards Chicago. It was behind time as it approached Blue Island from the south-east and was going at a high rate of speed. As the bus rounded a curve in the road, the train was so near approaching. A slight down grade prevented the driver from stopping the vehicle as it slipped in the ice and snow and just as the frightened horses leaped across the rail road tracks, the heavy locomotive struck the frail vehicle fairly in the middle, hurling human bodies and fragments of debris far from the tracks and continuing on its northward journey several hundred feet before it could be stopped, passing over several bodies in its progress.

Minister (to irate colored woman who has been complaining that her husband neglected and abused her)—"Have you tried 'coals of fire' on his head?" No, massa, but I's done tried hot water outen de kettle."

AGAINST MANITOBA.

Sample of How the American Press is Trying to Keep Americans at Home.

The Kansas Commoner, published at Wichita, Kansas, under recent date, says: We understand that several from Sedgewick county are intending to go to Manitoba or other parts of British America in the spring. That country is represented as being very productive, no doubt it is. But there are other things to be considered. The great problem in the western portion of the United States to-day is not how can we produce, but how to dispose of products at a price equal to or above the cost of production and how can we make exchange without paying exorbitant freight rates both ways? That those questions are as far from being settled in Canada as in our own country is evident from the following resolutions passed by the Minnesota State Alliance:

"Whereas, it is common knowledge that the United States is now being flooded with pamphlets and posters in the interest of emigration to Canada and Manitoba, and

"Whereas, special agents of the Canadian government and the Canadian Pacific railway are active in the Northwest States inducing members of this great representative agricultural body to leave the fertile fields and pleasant climates of Minnesota and her sister States; and

Whereas, the written testimony of actual settlers in Manitoba and Assiniboia, and the statements of Canadian newspapers not subsidized by the Canadian Pacific railway, discloses a truly heart rending condition of affairs, as shown by the documents attached thereto and made a part of these resolutions; showing that the unfortunate emigrants are the victims of the implement dealers and the Canadian Pacific railway, which charges 40 per cent. of the crop for carrying it to a grain market; and

Whereas, hundreds of American emigrants to Manitoba and other provinces under the Canadian government are subsisting during the winter entirely on boiled wheat as their only food;

Therefore, be it resolved, that a committee be appointed by the chairman of this convention to carefully investigate the charges made in the documents attached, and

Be it further resolved that the said committee shall be empowered to receive contributions of food, clothing and money to the unfortunate emigrants who have been induced to leave the United States for the bleak territory in Northwestern Canada; and

Be it further resolved, this committee shall report the result of its investigations at the next meeting of this Alliance.

Smallest Child on Record.

A colored child born at St. Louis a fortnight ago, perfectly formed and healthy, is considered to be the smallest child on record. She has been named Fanny Elizabeth Vaughan, and already the museum managers are in treaty with the child's parents. She cannot be handled except with wraps, otherwise she would slip through the nurse's fingers. When nine days old two teeth appeared on her little jaws. Fanny Elizabeth's head, inserted in a flaring-rimmed coffee cup, was covered to the eyebrows. The hair is black as night and as soft, fine and glossy as silk. A gentleman's ring easily passed over her tiny hand and laid loosely on the wrist. It passed on up to the elbow point. The fingers were smaller than a canary bird's leg. Her body was round and plump, and it could be clasped by a lady's bracelet. And the feet! Well, they were abnormally large, but probably Fanny Elizabeth will grow to fit them. The father and mother of the child are medium sized people; each of them weighs 140 pounds and both are healthy.

Was Not Her Turn.

A Kansas judge, at Fort Scott, refused a divorce to Mrs. Lucy Sise, who applied for a judicial separation for the third time from the same man. The woman was represented by four lawyers; her husband, Harrison Sise, by two lawyers. The couple having been married three times in twenty years. The first suit for divorce was brought by Mr. Sise on the ground of abandonment, his wife having gone to live with her parents. A few days afterwards they were married and in a short time Mrs. Sise obtained a divorce on the ground of extreme cruelty. Sise fought this suit hard. In February, 1897, they were again married, and in May following she again brought suit, alleging a "misjoinder." The judge denied her a decree, holding that she was out of turn—that it was her husband's time to sue.

The Klondike Fever.

For a couple of months past L. A. Russell, of New York city, has been trying to accustom himself to the hardships of Alaskan life, and the result is a suit for divorce. His wife says he resolved two months ago to go to the Klondike in the spring. Since then he has permitted no fire in his house, sleeps with his bedroom window wide open and confines himself and family to a diet of "salt horse," baked beans and lime juice. Mrs. Russell says her health and that of her two minor children has suffered seriously from this treatment and that her husband is financially well able to support his family in good style. She wants a divorce, \$10,000 alimony and the custody of both children.

A Chicken Thief's Experience.

Frank Perkins, an alleged chicken thief, who attempted to commit suicide about six weeks ago in the police station at Binghamton, N. Y., by shooting himself in the head, is about to be discharged from the hospital as cured. The bullet entered the brain, and the man lay unconscious for more than a week. The doctors said that his death was only a matter of time. A day or so ago it was noticed that his right eye was bulging out, and after an examination it was decided to remove the eye. The operation was performed, and the big 32-calibre bullet dropped out. Perkins is apparently as well as ever, barring the loss of an eye. For the past six weeks he has lived with the bullet in his brain.

A PRACTICAL VIEW OF IT.

The folks that write of fields of green where birds and daisies rule, I'll bet you, never struck them fields and plowed a Georgy mule. And then that write of tinkling bells in dell where cattle roam, I'll bet you never had to drive the scampering cattle home!

And them that sing of woodlands sweet and softly sighing pines, I'll bet you never tried to tramp through prickly briars and vines And cut a cord of wood or two! No matter what they say, The country ain't as pretty as it looks from far away!

Just let 'em come and try it—where people have to rise Before the sun has litened a way along the chilly dunes And work from then until the stars look from the darkening dome—I'll bet you, fore the day was done they'd all make trips for home!

And get they keep on singing of country life "So sweet!" And leave out all the mortgages and notes we have to meet! We thank 'em for their compliments, for all the words they say, But still we ain't as pretty as we look from far away!

—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

DAREDEVIL HEROISM.

Brave Rescue of General Payne by Some Negro Volunteers.

"The most daredevil piece of heroism I ever saw was by some negroes before Fort Pillow, when I was a prisoner inside the fort and General Payne was lying in front of it with his leg shot off," was the way Charles Cotton of Company C of the One Hundred and Sixty-first New York infantry began a story of valiant rescue that he told to some negro veterans.

"General Payne's leg had been shot off in the first charge," he continued, "and he was lying hidden behind some rocks in front of the fort, when his troops were forming plans to rescue him. The scathing fire from the fort swept that spot, and no officer dared to command any of his men to go to certain death in what looked like a vain attempt to rescue their chief.

"While the men were deliberating a negro stepped up and said, 'We might as well run our chances now as any other time, and I for one will make the attempt.' He was a handsome fellow, and the spirit he displayed was at once equaled by that of 11 other negroes, who stepped out and volunteered their services. A stretcher was brought, and four of them started, but had gone only a few yards when every one was shot dead. A moment after four others of the volunteers rushed out, and, picking up the stretcher, carried it a few yards farther, when they, too, were killed. The four who were left went ahead as if nothing had happened, and two of them came back alive with the general, while the other two were left dead at the pile of rocks where General Payne had been lying. General Payne is still living, and I am told, the two noble fellows who rescued him have wanted for nothing ever since."—Buffalo Express.

America's Literary Necessity.

America needs to start a new intellectual cycle, and it is superfluous to say that the way to start is not to rest in the boasted excellence of some light form of literature, for example, the American short-story. It will take larger effort than this, and effort along lines ill best, to bring out the American rival of Homer and Dante and Virgil and Goethe and Shakespeare. There is a deal of meaning in the remark attributed to Horace Greeley that what the United States needed was a sound thrashing, but that unfortunately no other nation on earth was big enough to give it to them. The old world is well worn. It is gradually approaching, from sheer weariness, a social if not a political federalism, in which America must be teacher, not pupil.

But the only lesson which America is now teaching the world in the ideal realm is precisely the lesson which Von Hartmann has already put in words—namely, that the literature of the future is to be as the farce which the Berlin business man goes to see of an evening by way of recreation. It is doing its best to prove that after Goethe the role of transcendent genius is no longer to be played. By way of bringing about a new movement in letters it would be an excellent thing if some profoundly one-sided thinker should arise to shake to pieces the eminently respectable but fatally monotonous philosophy of the American schools.—J. S. Tunison in Atlantic.

A Definition.

A woman was being examined at the Old Bailey as a witness, when, to a question put by the barrister, Mr. C—, she replied, "Don't think of bombing me."

"Answer the question directly, woman, or I'll commit you," interrupted the recorder.

"Aye," said Mr. C—, "and tell us what you mean by bombing."

"Why," replied the woman, "if I was to tell you, Mr. C—, that the recorder was a gentleman that would be bombing you and the court too!"—English Exchange.

Force of Habit.

A woman will always ask the price of everything before she pays for it. Yesterday afternoon a woman stepped into a confectioner's shop and said: "I want sixpennyworth of chocolates."

They were handed to her, and she took out her purse and remarked:

"How much is it, please?"—London Fun.

HE NEVER LOVED A LORD.

But His Five Girls Married Titles, All the Same.

It was evident that he was not only pretty well satisfied with himself, but that he didn't care who knew it.

"Five daughters," he said, "and every one of them married to a title. That's a pretty good record for a man who wouldn't be considered rich enough to buy more than one high grade title."

"I don't see how you did it," suggested the man who knew nothing except that the husband with a title was ordinarily quoted at a pretty stiff figure.

"Oh, it's easy when you know how," replied the self-satisfied man. "So far as I am concerned I would have preferred to marry the girls to enterprising young Americans with no titles, but their mother insisted upon getting them something more fashionable, and when their mother insists I have to hump myself and see that things come the way she wants them. I confess it was something of a problem at first, but when I got it figured out in my mind and began playing the cards it was so easy that I was inclined to be ashamed of myself for not trying something harder."

The self-satisfied man stopped long enough for the listener to suggest that he would be glad to hear the story, and then, in view of the fact that they were all married and publicity could do no harm, he told it.

"I took all my available assets," he explained, "and made them a dowry for my eldest daughter. Naturally there was a rush for her, and she was able to take her pick of five. I rushed matters as much as possible, got her married, gave up the dowry I had promised, and then steered her titled husband against the Stock Exchange, where I gave him some bad tips, took his trades myself through a broker and won back all the dowry and part of his ancestral estates. Then I gave the dowry to my second daughter, got her married and played the same game with her husband. I worked the scheme right through the family, until I finally married my youngest to a baronet yesterday. I got them to postpone their wedding trip for a few days, so as to give me a chance to win back the dowry before they had spent any of it, and by day after tomorrow I expect to be on Easy street again, without a care in the world. If girls must have titles, why, I am in favor of giving them to them, but I don't believe in contributing large fortunes to the support of the tottering monarchies of the old world, and, what's more, I don't intend to do it."—Chicago Post.

ARMORED PLANTS.

Thorns and Spines That Protect Plants From Their Enemies.

"Plants and Their Enemies" is the title of an article by Thomas H. Kearney, Jr., in St. Nicholas. Mr. Kearney says:

There are a thousand things that threaten the well being and even the life of every tree and shrub and lowly herb. Too much heat or too little works great harm to plants. Then there are all manner of wasting diseases caused by other tiny plants called fungi and bacteria. Many large animals, as horses and cows and sheep, live by grazing the herbage and grass or browsing the foliage of trees and shrubs. Of course they greatly injure the plants they feed upon and therefore many plants are in one way or another protected against such attacks.

Did you ever stop to think why thistles are so well armed with sharp prickles or why the ugly roadside nettles are furnished with stinging hairs? Notice cattle grazing in a field where thistles or nettles grow. See how careful they are to let those disagreeable plants alone. That is the reason for the stings and the spines. See this honey locust tree bristling with its horrid array of three pointed thorns. What animal is brave enough to try to rob it of its leaves or great pods? Hawthorns, too, and rosebushes and blackberry briars all have their sharp little swords and daggers to defend themselves against browsing animals.

Out on the wide, hot, deserts of Arizona and New Mexico those odd plants the cactuses, grow in great numbers. Some of them take strange shapes—tall, fluted columns, branching candelabra of more round balls, like the melon cactus. They are almost the only plants that grow in some parts of that country, and they always plenty of sap inside their tough skins. To the hungry and thirsty creatures that roam those dreary wastes in search of food and water they are very tempting. Were they not in some way protected these cactuses would soon be entirely destroyed, but nature has made them to be like strong forts or great armored battlements among plants. They are guarded by all sorts of sharp spines and prickles and fine hairs that burn when they get into the flesh.

There are more ants to the square mile in Florida than in any other country in the world. There are ants that measure more than half an inch in length, and then there are ants so small that they can scarcely be seen to move with the unaided eye.

Raw eggs, milk and plenty of fruit are recommended for brain workers. The fruit corrects the bilious tendency of the milk and eggs.

In some portions of Abyssinia the men work the ears of their women as if they were so many hogs.

TRY Vanity Fair Cigarettes

W. S. KIMBALL & CO.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

17 First Prize Medals

THE Qu'Appelle : Progress

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
At the Printing Office, Qu'Appelle Station,
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vance; \$1.50 if not so paid.

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Business cards as per arrangement ac-
cording to space.

Transient Ads, such as Legal Notices,
By-Laws, Tenders, Notice of Meetings, etc.,
10 cents per line for first insertion, and 5 cents
each subsequent insertion, solid nonpareil
measure.

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per line each insertion.

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Astray, etc., 50c for first insertion, 25c for
each subsequent insertion. This class of
ads. must be accompanied by cash to insure
publication.

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ments from which a revenue is to be derived
will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents
per line.

Rates for Commercial, Contract and Per-
manent advertisements will be furnished on
application.

A liberal commission allowed to parties
willing to act as agents for us. Write for
terms.

A. MACKIE,
Publisher.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1898.

A CHANGE.

On Tuesday last a change was
made in the proprietorship of The
Progress, S. T. Scott retiring in
favor of Mr. A. Mackie, late of
Bismarck, Man.

In making the change we desire
to say that we thank the people of
Qu'Appelle station and district for
their patronage, and earnestly de-
sire a continuance of the same to
the new proprietor.

Mr. Mackie is a practical printer
with whom we have had the pleas-
ure of an acquaintance for years, and
we can confidently recommend him
to your good graces.

Incidentally, it is necessary for
any town with such good prospects
as Qu'Appelle to have a live local
newspaper, and to secure such, it is
necessary that it has the united
support of all doing business therein.
We again, therefore, ask your
heartly support to a most worthy
institution, and bid you adieu.

S. T. SCOTT.

DR. CHASE'S SYRUP OF LINSEED AND TURPENTINE

OBSTINATE COUGHS.

"My daughter being afflicted with
an obstinate cough which resisted the
curative effects of almost all the ad-
vertised cough remedies and having
placed an order for 3 doz. of Chase's
Linseed and Turpentine in W. W.
Carter's Drug Store, of which I am
manager, I was induced to try a
bottle. A few doses gave relief and
the one bottle effected a cure. I can
highly recommend it as being pleas-
ant to take and efficacious."

E. PRINGLE,
Fesserton, Ont.

Price, 25 Cents.
At all dealers, or Wm. Bates & Co.,
Toronto, Ont.

UNDESIRABLE IMMI- GRANTS.

While the Vidette is very ill-
advised in giving further publicity
to reports of destitution and suffer-
ing among the Galicia in Yorkton,
which have been shown to be vastly
exaggerated, we have much sym-
pathy with its idea that more con-
trol should be exercised by the
Territories over the immigrants re-
ceived within our borders.

Unfortunately a few years since,
when, on account of the unpropit-
ious times, the stream of immigra-
tion to Western Canada from Great
Britain almost stopped, there
seemed to be a feeling among the
rulers of the Dominion that people
must be got somehow, and that it
sturdy independent Britishers
would not come, then it was neces-
sary to purchase the scum of other
countries. The unwisdom of this
course has been abundantly proved.
It is far better that our population
should grow even more slowly than
it has than that it should be in-
creased by bringing people whose
passage we have to pay, and who
after their arrival either have to be
supported by charity in the country
or drift into the towns to form a
poverty stricken class, the source
of much future crime and misery.
There are exceptions, many of them
we hope, but we contend that we
should get a fair share of these ex-
ceptions in the natural course of
events, and that in the meantime
we can afford to wait until the
prosperity of our older settlers and
the removal of the hindrances to
our progress in the ways of railway
monopoly and trade restriction in-
vite an immigration of the proper
sort.

There is not a single district,
however thinly populated, but will
admit that it would much prefer
having no new settler rather than
a bad one, and that principle is
good to the Territories as a whole.

The system of paying agents
according to the number of people
they persuade, often it is to be
feared by false representations, to
come out here, utterly irrespective
of their quality, is rotten. Public
money so expended is worse than
wasted. We wish to maintain our
place as a worthy member of the
British empire, but it cannot be
done by continuing to drag into
our midst a heterogeneous crowd
alien to the Anglo-Saxon and Celtic
races, whose inferiority must tend
to degrade our standard of life in
every respect, and who with in-
creasing numbers will become a
constant menace to the proper de-
velopment, political and social, of
our country.

The Railway Rate War.

Developments in regard to the
war of rates between the Canadian
Pacific railway company and its
southern rivals have disclosed a
state of affairs that do not promise
well for the early settlement of the
dispute. Some authorities assert
that as far as the difficulty between
the two Canadian companies are
concerned the dispute is only in its
infancy. The ocean steamship
lines, interstate commerce commis-
sion and other powerful influences
in the United States are favoring
the enemies of the big Canadian
company. As usual all the inter-
ests concerned in this dispute are
blaming "the other fellow" for
starting the row. The C. P. R., cer-
tainly has a good case as far as its
charge of rate cutting against the
American roads is concerned, while
it seems that jealousy is the prin-
ciple motive actuating its rivals.
The bulk of the very profitable sec-
ond-class passenger business be-
tween the east and western Canada
has hitherto passed over the Can-

adian Pacific owing to its superior
advantages both as to facilities and
cheapness for handling this busi-
ness, and the Grand Trunk and
American lines have been very anx-
ious to divert a share of this in
their direction. Arrangements are
now made whereby this may be ac-
complished and the Grand Trunk
is announcing that it is prepared to
handle second-class business from
Portland, Montreal and Toronto to
Winnipeg. The Northern Pacific
is the connecting link between the
Grand Trunk at Chicago and Win-
nipeg. This will give the west
real competition to and from east-
ern points, something which it will
welcome very much.

The C. P. R. is determined that
it will not lose in the game for
supremacy which is now being
played, and its position is such that
it may easily control the situation.
Meanwhile the extraordinarily
heavy western traffic is enjoying a
substantial relaxation of rates and
the only losers by the dispute are
the shareholders of the companies
involved.—The Price Current.

Tree Planting.

Angus McKay, superintendent of
the Experimental farm at Indian
Head, read a paper on "Trees and
Shelter Belts" at the recent horti-
cultural society meeting in Winni-
peg. The chief points emphasized
were; "That windbreaks for fields
be a single row of cottonwood and
box elder planted together, the
cottonwood for height and the box
elder for thickness. The single row, he
said, is quite sufficient for protection,
facilitates cultivation and permits
sufficient wind to get through to
prevent the crops suffering from
intense heat in midsummer. For
buildings he recommended hedges
of Russian willow and box elder;
while for lawns, small fields and
gardens nothing was better than
the ordinary sutherwood, as it
attained a sufficient height, was
thick at the bottom, and in winter
held the snow well, which was as
valuable as windbreaking in sum-
mer. He went into details of
planting, advising that the distances
between the rows be not too great,
and on the other hand that they be
not placed too close together.
While protection from sun and hot
winds be secured, the earth must
not be too much shaded, as was
done when too many maples were
planted. On the other hand, where
there were too many ash there was
not enough leaf. He told of alter-
nating rows of ash and maple plant-
ed six years ago, which gave the
best satisfaction. Ash planted in
this way in runs four feet apart
have grown to fourteen feet in
height, while others from the same
seed planted together, were only
three or four feet in height, the
highest not being over five feet;
owing to the want of protection in
the early spring when the the winds
drying out the soil too much. Sim-
ilar results followed from plant-
ing elm and maple in the same
porportion. White ash was the
most valuable for forest culture in
this country. A question asked as
to his success with evergreens, Mr.
McKay answered by saying very
little. Great difficulty had been
found in transplanting. Last year

20 YEARS OF BONDAGE

Dr. Chase's K-L Pills Loose
the Shackles of Consti-
pation and Stomach
Disorders.

In summing up the causes of human
misery it will be found that by far the
greatest sources of disease originate in
derangement of the Stomach and Bowels.
People will abuse their stomachs and
neglect the calls of nature till they bring
on themselves her vengeance. To get
back to nature's paths, to have the Stom-
ach and Bowels once more fulfilling their
function properly, to clear the system of
all the results and consequences of poisons
accumulating and circulating in the Blood
is the work of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver
Pills.

Mr. Thos. Miller, Lucknow, Ont., says
that he was afflicted with Stomach Trouble
and Constipation for about 20 years,
during which time he tried almost everything
he heard of, but to no purpose. Mr. H.
Day, the popular druggist, sent him a
sample of Dr. Chase's K-L Pills. The first
dose he took did him good, and they have
proved so effective in his case that he recom-
mends them to all those afflicted as he was.

These Pills may be had of all Dealers at
25 CENTS A BOX.

150 trees that had been growing
since 1889 were transplanted, and
the wind killed every one of them.
The only chance was in planting
from the 1st to the 15th of June, as
soon as the rain starts. In the
course of a further conversation,
Mr. McKay said that the snowberry
made the prettiest hedge for a very
low one around a small flower gar-
den.

Have you tried



SMOKING TOBACCO?

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate,
Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel,
Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. K. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Phy-
sician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Grad-
uate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Graduate of McGill University,
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Sur-
geons, N.W.T. Office at home.

NOTICE

ANY person taking wood of any descrip-
tion off the lands belonging to the
Edgeley estate will be prosecuted. By order,
W. C. CAMERON.
Edgeley, Nov. 20, 1897. 6H



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J. B. ROBINSON,

Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly
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Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging
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ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

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The most popular house in the west.
Modern conveniences. Home comforts.
First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and
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cial travellers. Convenient to railway.
Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.
THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

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FIRST-Class accommodation for guests.
Table supplied with the best in the
market. Fine sample rooms for commercial
travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors
and Cigars. Porter meets all trains.
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Write for pamphlet
descriptive of the
routes to the Yu-
kon country, and
sailing dates,
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Sailings for

MARCH:

Danube	March 8
Victorian	" 9
Ning Chow	" 10
Cottage City	" 11
Queen	" 12
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Thistle	" 17
Victorian	" 19
Danube	" 22
Queen	" 24

Cottage City sails for Wrangle,
Jucou and Sika only.

All agents can ticket through, which will
include meals and berths.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. agent, or to

ROBERT KERR,
Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Cheapest and quickest route to the Old
Country.

	From St. John	March 9
Lake Huron	Beaver Line	" 11
Lake Superior	Beaver Line	" 13
Gallia	Beaver Line	" 21
	From New York	March 2
Germanic	White Star Line	" 9
Teutonic	White Star Line	" 16
Britannic	White Star Line	" 23
Majestic	White Star Line	" 30
Ethiopia	Anchor Line	" 13
Umbria	Cunard Line	" 5
Lucania	Cunard Line	" 12
Eufrasia	Cunard Line	" 19

	From Portland	March 12
Labrador	Dominion Line	" 19
Vancouver	Dominion Line	" 26
Scotsman	Dominion Line	April 2
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Carthaginian	Allan Line	" 5
Mongolian	Allan Line	" 16
Parisian	Allan Line	" 26

Cabin \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, up-
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Passengers ticketed through to all point
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Blacksmith and Carriage Maker
Horseshoeing and all Repairing done on
shortest notice. Satisfaction
Guaranteed.

QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

TWO INKY WAYS.

There was a man who advertised
But once—a single time.
1. spot where place he hid his ad.
And paid for it a dime.
And just because it didn't bring
Him customers by the score,
"All advertising is a fake,"
He said, or rather swore.
He seemed to think one hammer tap
Would drive a nail clear in.
That from a bit of ink thread
A water bug could spin.
If he this reasoning bright applied
To eating, doubtless he
Would claim one little bite would feed
Ten men a century.
Some day, though, he will learn that to
Make advertising pay
He'll have to add ads. to his ad.
And advertise each day.

WOMAN—WHY SICKLY!

Nerves Shattered—Stomach Weak—Digestion In a Quagmire—Prostrated—South American Nerve is Woman's Friend—Nerve Tonic.
Mrs. Hutchinson, of Vander, P. O., Ont., says: "South American Nerve is a wonderful medicine, and the only remedy that ever helped me. I was a great sufferer from nervous prostration, acute indigestion. The first dose relieved me and three bottles completely cured me."
Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Tale of An English Plum Pudding.

One of our bachelors who boasts of his aristocratic relations across the sea, who after reading no doubt of the starvation in the Klondyke, with generosity worthy of a better cause, clubbed together and sent him a plum pudding. The directions were to boil one hour, make sandy sauce and then guzzle. At 11:30 a. m., U. P. R. time, we dropped it in the pot. At 12:30 by one of our local \$2 chronometer balanced lever stop watches we looked it out and found it something like lumpy porridge. After a rather stormy consultation between the boys, we decided to give it another hour. One of the bachelors with about the muscular development of a hen, was holding it up while we took a couple of half hitches around the top with three-quarter inch rope, when something happened and down she went ker-flop. We knelt down with our store pants on and gently but firmly gathered it up, put it reverently into another rag, supplied from the wardrobe of an expectant guzzler, and let her steam away. Time being called, and minute examination showing no visible change, we piled on the heating material, and with tears in the faithless depths of our optics and one foot on the table swore a solemn swear we would cook that blessed pudding or "bust." It is now 3 p. m., she's boiling like mad; the house is full of steam, and already we've burned half a cord of wood. It keeps one man and a small boy bucking wood to keep her going, but we're good for it. When an idea gets fixed in our "think tank" we are as obstinate as an army mule on strike and would rather die dead game sports than be president of the United States. All is over, and ten minutes after four bowed figures might have been seen slowly wending their way up town with that far away, rock me to sleep mother look on their faces, one notices on the man who has just lent a five dollar bill and never expects to see it again. Yes, at 8 p. m. we looked in the pot, and seeing nothing there, and afraid our eyes had deceived us, hurriedly got a fork and nervously probed about. But it was no go, and as all the pent up unsatisfied longing surged through

us, our eyes were blind with unshed tears, and a wild torrent of ill-concealed anguish convulsed our souls as it slowly dawned on us that the pudding had evaporated in smoke.

KIDNEY DISEASE.

Symptoms and the Great Cure.
Note the signs:—Inflammation, non-retention of urine, scalding, sharp pains in passing, dragging pain in the bladder, chills, cold extremities; all these indicate bladder derangement, catarrh of the bladder, and other serious complications. If neglected will result in stubborn kidney disorders and physical wreck. South American Kidney Cure will arrest all these symptoms, dispel all the causes, cleanse and keep the system clean. It's a kidney specific, a life giver and a life saver.
Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Springbrook Sayings.

(From our own correspondent.)
Rev. Mr. MacAfee's lecture last Friday evening on Ireland, in behalf of the Literary society was very interesting indeed, and all join in saying that a profitable as well as a pleasant evening was spent, all who were absent missing a rare treat. There was quite a turn-out from the Fort; we would be pleased to have them at every meeting.

The debate a week ago, Resolved that reading is a greater educator than observation, was decided in favor of the affirmative.

We hope to see our excursionists home from the east this week. We understand there are more coming back than went away.

Farmers are busily engaged making preparations for spring.

Judging from all reports the acreage under crop will be greatly increased this coming season.

Miss Dale has been the guest of Mrs. Blakely for this last couple of weeks.

Something must be in the air; we see building material being plentifully piled on section 21.

Mrs. Parker of Wide Awake, spent last week in Springbrook.

We expect a full house at the Literary next Friday evening. Subject for debate, Resolved that England has produced more eminent men than Scotland, hurrah for the Thistle and Rose!

\$50.00 FOR RELEASE.

Rheumatism's Ruthless Hands Clutched Him for Five Years—Two Bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure Gave Him His Liberty.

William McTeer, farmer, Cremona P. O., writes: "For years I have been a sufferer from acute rheumatism. At times I have been completely laid up with it—could not put on my clothing without assistance. Before I had completed the second bottle of South American Rheumatic Cure I was a well man. If those two bottles had cost me \$50.00 I would have considered it cheap medicine."
Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Spencerville Splashes.

(From our own correspondent.)
McMichael Bros. contemplate shipping their cattle west in the spring.

The trustees of Starr's Point have the gravel and stone out for the new concrete school house which will be built this summer.

We presume our threshers contemplate raising a goodly number of pure bred hens, having quite a number of eggs already.

Mr. G. Spencer purchased a fine Clyde mare from Dr. Creamer last week.

A concert and dance will be held in Spencerville hall on March 18 h. Proceeds will be applied to furnishing the new school.

We presume our crazy corner correspondent has crossed the track of some fair young damsel? This is due to the fact that the roads have been good the past two Sundays.

Russia is hurrying troops and war supplies to China.

In the West Elgin recount the Liberal candidate was elected by the vote of the returning officer.

The Common Failing.

Mr. Mockton had been out several minutes later than usual the night before, and there was a decided chilliness at the breakfast table. The silence was suddenly broken by his wife's remark: "Look at these Senators and Representatives! See how they have lingered and talked over the tariff!"

"Now, Henrietta, you surely can't think of holding me responsible for that."

"Not personally. But it shows a trait common to your kind. It shows how a man will grasp at anything as an excuse for not going home when he ought to."
—Washington Star.

FASHIONS IN STATIONERY.

New Styles of the Season for Visiting Cards and Note Paper.

Styles in visiting cards and note paper might almost be said to change with the seasons. The latest card has not changed in size, but it is neither the very thick board of long ago nor the recent very thin material; it is of moderate thickness, and pure white. Book type is growing in popularity every day, and promises to oust the script, which has held its own so long. Script of a rather larger and heavier style is still good form. Addresses are put either in the lower left or the lower right hand corner, and bolder and larger lettering is also used for this purpose.

When the fashionable woman goes abroad it is necessary, as well as convenient, that she should carry a traveling card. It is of ample size and quite thin. Across the top of the card is given in black type her full name. Just beneath this her city address in America is given, while in the right hand corner is the name of her banker in London or Paris, and in the left hand corner her cable address. This is a lot of information to put on a visiting card, but those who have already traveled in foreign countries readily see the advantage of the plan. Cards designed for country use have the name and address of one's country place in the left hand corner; otherwise they are exactly like those for city use.

The latest note paper for out-of-town use is of a vivid Mahataphol color. It is of a heavy linen, and is much in vogue for informal mountain and seaside entertainments. This had come from London, where red paper was the rage last season. People with more conservative taste prefer some of the thinner papers in the beautiful, rich shades of violet and buff. All shades of blue remain popular, and pearl and cream tones are in greater demand than they have been for several seasons. Very small monograms stamped on a gold, silver or colored circle or other set design are the favorite embellishment. The paper for country use is plainly marked with the address, railroad station and telephone or telegraph station of the owner.

A C O O



This hat of cherry muslin, bordered with straw and jet black moire knot; rose ruby, forming a clasp; black feather on side.

New styles in decoration.

The latest development in wall paper shows neither flower nor figure nor strip nor circle. It is simply an all-over watered or moire ground, like a piece of silk or satin, moire and a lot of light out in all satisfactory tints and shades. Panels of this moire paper, used perpendicularly on a plain wall, with a narrow gilt molding along an effective treatment for a drawing room. A sample lately seen was an half green moire paper put on in up-and-down panels three-quarters of a yard wide on a wall surface tinted in a pale shade of green. The gilt moldings that edged the panels were chased and ornamented and not even a very close observer would have discovered that the moire was paper and not silk.

Other new papers show the delicate exactness and finely wrought figures and flowers of the Louis XVI. branches and drawers, but most of the lately set up papers have large, bold patterns, either in scrolls or conventionalized designs. A new treatment for these large-flowered papers is to have a very deep dado and frieze of narrow-striped paper of the two main colors of the pattern. A room decorated in lavender paper, in which fleurs de lis on an ivory ground formed the main coloring, had a very deep dado of lavender and cream striped paper, marked by a white molding and a frieze of the same striped lavender and white paper above. By using datus of either striped or plain-colored wallpaper, the best patterns in flower or of figured wall paper may be employed successfully without detracting from the size of the room.

The report of \$30,000,000 in gold coming from Yukon is contradicted.

PROSTRATED, EXHAUSTED.

NO SLEEP—NO REST.



LL do not appreciate the words of John G. Saxe, who sang, "God bless the man who first invented sleep!" But appreciation is not waiting to those who have suffered as Mrs. White, of Mara Township, Ont., who became so ill with nervous troubles that, to quote her brother, Mr. Donald McEneaney, a well-known resident of that illustrious section of North Ontario: "My sister had not slept a night for over three months. She could not have stood this much longer, and it was only when death seemed imminent that South American Nerve became the good physician. After taking the first dose of the Nerve she slept all night, and gained in flesh until perfectly well, and has now no sign of nervousness." This is a wonderful medicine in the severest cases of nervousness, and the greatest freshener to be found anywhere in the world.—25.
Sold by Henderson & Parker.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar
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Medicine
until you have tried

**RIPANS
TABULES**

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

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At the Druggist's



Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.



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female pills, safe, sure and reliable. 25 per box, sent on receipt of price.
MADAME DE FROSS, Toronto.

Buy Weiland Vale BICYCLES.
H. S. H. GOODIER, Agent.
Leland Hotel, Grand Central Station.

If you are above foolish prejudice against canvassing for a good book, write and get my proposition. The information will cost nothing.
I have put hundreds of men in the way of making money; some of whom are now rich.
I can do good things for you, if you are honorable and will work hard.
T. S. LINSKOTT, Toronto.

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WANTED—CANVASSERS—"Queen Victoria; Her Life and Reign," the greatest of the British Empire. Extraordinary best materials from the great man; send for copy free. Marquis of Lorne says, "The best popular life of the Queen I have seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives entire satisfaction. Canvassers make \$15 to \$20 weekly. THE BRADLEY-GARRETT & CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

AGENTS SELL "KLONDIKE GOLD"
Fields like a whirlwind. Prospectors—25 cents, worth \$1.00. Big pay. Capital necessary. THE BRADLEY-GARRETT & CO., Limited, Toronto.

AGNEW'S HEART CURE
Saves Thousands of Lives.
Four years ago Jacob Dewitt, of Hay Island, was dragged to the verge of death by dreadful heart disease. He was given up by all. From vigorous manhood he had come to a broken dependent wreck. He procured Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, used it faithfully, and to-day weighs 218 pounds, and lives to bless the day the great remedy was recommended to him. It relieves in 30 minutes.—24.
Sold by Henderson & Parker.

OU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

Thursday, March 10, 1888.

OUR WESTERN HERITAGE.

THE HAPPENINGS OF THE GREAT WEST BRIEFLY TOLD.

A Resume of the Events of the Week Told in Short and Interesting Items—Prominent People, Their Sayings and Doings.

The Swan Lake country is described by a correspondent as the "Garden of Manitoba."

The C. P. R. annual report announces that the C. N. P. R. will be completed by the end of August.

It is thought that the coming session of the Manitoba legislature will not last longer than a month.

Calgary citizens have forwarded a resolution to Ottawa, urging immediate construction of a wagon road from Edmonton to Yukon.

The new town on coal creek, on the Crow's Nest Pass railway, will be called Fernie, after William Fernie, the discoverer of coal at that point.

It is claimed that the government is making \$30 a minute in issuing mining licenses to Yukoners in British Columbia, or about fifty cents a second.

O'Reilly's elevator situated at Sidney, Man., was burned to the ground early the other morning. It contained 13,000 bushels of wheat, 3,000 of this was stored for farmers.

James Fitzsimmons, deputy warden of Stony Mountain penitentiary, recently died at St. Boniface hospital, at the age of 69 years. Deceased had been ailing for about three months from a complication of liver troubles.

The Licensed Victuallers association of Winnipeg, intend to seek, at the coming session of the legislature, an extension of the hours for selling liquor. An extension of half an hour, or perhaps an hour will be asked for.

The large transfer barge that the C. P. R. have had building for the past two months, has been successfully launched at Nelson, B. C. It is large enough to accommodate fifteen cars, and will be used between Nelson and Kuskonook, in connection with the Crow's Nest railway.

E. Bolton, J. P., of Saltcoats, N. W. T., has committed for trial Viscount de Montreuil, and G. G. Meikle, as president and secretary of the Manitoba and Northwestern Printing and Publishing Co., Limited, on the charge of issuing a false prospectus of that company.

The Canadian Pacific railway report a steady demand for land in that part of Manitoba lying west of Deloraine. Ontario settlers prefer southwestern Manitoba to any part of the west and the prospects are good for a large immigration this spring from the premier province to Manitoba.

Mr. Gowler, of Poplar Point, Man., the ex-mounted policeman, who has valuable claims in Klondike, has left with a party of four on his return to Dawson City. Mr. Gowler was one of the first to arrive from the north. Since his arrival in Manitoba he has joined the ranks of the benedicts.

Among the visitors in Winnipeg recently was Mr. J. H. Graber, a member of the banking firm of Graber Bros, Big Salmon, Penn., who is returning home from Dawson City. Mr. Graber had with him a draft for \$25,000, which amount he realized for a half interest in his claim on Hunker creek.

Oscar Thorpe, of Calgary, lost an eye a few days since by a peculiar accident. He was driving a delivery rig, and in cracking his whip the lash wound around the shaft, and the end snapping off, pierced his eye, totally destroying the sight. His eye was subsequently removed. It was only a few minutes after the boy was brought home that his mother died.

Wm. P. Taylor left Edmonton the other night per dog train, for the Pelly Banks. He is under contract to the town council and board of trade of that town to explore and blaze a road to the Pelly Banks and return. He will go by the Lesser Slave Lake, Peace River, Landing and thence direct to the east forks of the Nelson, thence by the most favorable route through the mountains. The selection of Taylor is considered a good one, he having long experience.

An elevator man at Treherne, according to the Cypress River paper, found that a car of wheat standing on the track had been tipped. A careful examination of the outside of the elevator was then made, and at one place a sheet of iron covering was found loose or held by only one nail. When the iron was removed it was found that the elevator had also been tipped, and two holes had been bored with a two-inch auger and a full bin reached. To what extent the robberies have been carried on has not been ascertained.

The Boyne Marsh.

The report of the surveyors, on the proposed drainage of what is commonly called the Boyne Marsh, has been completed, and is now under consideration by the Minister of Public Works. About 450,000 acres of land will be affected, should it be decided to go on with the work. The land extends from Morris to Roland, and from Carman to Elm Creek to Winnipeg. If the Executive Council of the Province approve of the scheme the whole matter will be advertised for three weeks, after which tenders will be called for and contracts let. It is estimated that 3,000,000 cubic yards of earth will have to be removed, and it is probable the cost will not be less than \$3,000,000. As the property owners themselves will have to pay for the work being done, it is not likely the government will refuse to sanction it.

Dragged From a Condition of Physical Wretchedness and Misery.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND WAS THE DELIVERER.

Mr. Barrand says: "Surely the Medicine which has Done so Much for me will Prove a Blessing to Others."

Most Desperate Cases of Rheumatism are Overcome by Nature's Cure, Paine's Celery Compound.

The Only Remedy for Pain-racked and Stiffened Limbs.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.,
DEAR SIR:—Just a year ago I was attacked by inflammatory rheumatism in its most acute form, which totally incapacitated me from pursuing my trade—that of a tailor—or in fact from doing work even of the very lightest kind, as every nerve in my body was affected. I was in this distressing condition for more than seven months, when I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. I soon began to realize the beneficial effects of the medicine; but my case was an obstinate one, and required the persistent use of the Compound for some months before I was able to move about. I am thankful to say that I am so far recovered that I have commenced work again; and I am very hopeful that by continuing the use of the Compound a little longer I shall, please God, be restored to my wonted health and strength again. Surely the medicine that has done so much for me will prove an equal blessing to others similarly afflicted; and to such I say, "Give Paine's Celery Compound a trial." For what your medicine has done for me you have my most grateful thanks.

Yours truly,
JOHN BARRAND, Barrie, Ont.

The Turton Case.

Chief of Police McRae, of Winnipeg, has received a letter from Mr. and Mrs. Turton, who have arrived at Sioux Falls, S. D. The chain of evidence which has led to the reunion of parents and child bids fair to be made complete. Every pressure is being brought to bear on the Indian woman, who has stoutly maintained that the girl was her daughter, to make her disclose or confess. She has finally wavered, and now says that the girl, though not her daughter, is her niece. The girl says she remembers having taken a long journey during which she saw no houses. It is not unlikely that when the child recovers from an attack of the measles, from which she is suffering at present, she will remember other things that will connect her with the past.

Postoffice Changes.

Offices opened: Michie, re-opened, S. S. W. 430, 11, 21 W. of 1, Brandon, Man. W. L. Grant, p. m.
Northern—N. E. 1, 6, 50, 18, West of Alberta, Peter N. Jennings, p. m.
Tafel—N. E. 1, 36, 50, 19 West of 4, Alberta, Geo. Cookson, p. m.
Viola Dale—re-opened, N. W. 1, 36, 11, 23 W. of 1, Marquette, Man. Robert Virtue, p. m.
Wakeham—2, 1, 5 West of 1, Lascar, Man. Richard C. Bayless, p. m.
No offices closed, no names changed.
Offices transferred—Fleetwood, to John A. Warner vice W. T. Warner, resigned.
Elphinstone to Mrs. Annie Lauder vice John A. Lauder, deceased.
Ellerslie to Elias Palmer vice J. W. McLaggan, resigned.
Colles, H. J. C. Colles, re-appointed.
Rosthern to J. H. Kalaassen vice Gerhard Ens, resigned.

PORT MUGRAVE, June 5, 1897.
C. C. RICHARDS & CO.,
DEAR SIR:—MINARD'S LINIMENT, is my remedy for colds, etc. It is the best liniment I have ever used.
MRS. JOSIAH HART.

A man should always be polite, but it isn't necessary for him to remove his hat when talking to a lady through the telephone.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

"Our wrangel-jangel euchre club has had to rent a room." "Why?" "Well, we have had so many quarrels over the prizes that none of the women will go to the others' houses."

T. AINSLIE YOUNG,
Rector, High School, Quebec.
Writes,—I should like to add another testimonial to the numbers you have already received in favor of "Quickeure." I have been troubled a good deal lately with Boils, and tried Quickeure. I can only describe its effect as magical; in about half a minute after application, I felt as though I had never been troubled at all, and was completely well in two days. Wishing you every success with your valuable discovery, I remain, yours very truly.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Politeness yields large dividends, but it is an investment often overlooked.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Whiskey has a peculiar way of getting a man down after he gets it down.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.



Send Your Name and Address
ON POSTAL CARD TO
D. RICHARDS, Woodstock, Ontario
AND I WILL RETURN YOU
FREE, AN ILLUSTRATED BOOK.
Yours truly, D. RICHARDS

WALL PAPERS

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Room Moulding.

Neat Color Patterns, 3c to 10c per roll.
Fine Color Patterns, 10c to 15c per roll.
Good Gilt Patterns, 20c to 50c per roll.
Fine Gilt Special Patterns, 20c to 50c per roll.
Ingrains in all colors. Sanitary and Varnish Tile Papers. Room moulding to match all papers, 3c to 6c per foot. See our stock or send for samples before purchasing. R. LECKIE,
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MEN WHO ARE WEAK

To all those suffering from Nervous Debility and Weakness, LOST MANHOOD and premature Decay, Inability, Lack of Confidence, mental depression, Palpitation of the Heart, Weak Memory, Exhausted Vitality, Errors of Youth, Varicocele, etc.

\$1 BOX OF
MEDICINE FREE

THREE SCORE YEARS AND TEN, the greatest Remedy for Men, acts in 24 hours. One box shows wonderful results in most chronic, obstinate and hopeless cases, and will surely cure recent cases, sent sealed on receipt of 12 cents in stamps to prepaid postage, full regular 24 box, with valuable medical book, rules for health, and what to eat and avoid. If you have tried others and failed don't miss this. Write at once. It will not help you we should not make this honest offer.

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CHINA TEAS play an important part in many of the so-called Pure Ceylons that are masquerading on the market.

MONSOON

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is composed of Pure Leaves, and it is sure to please you.
TRY IT. All Grocers Keep It. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c.

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DO YOU WANT

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If so, see or write me, and you will find my terms such as will enable you to effect a saving.

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RELIABILITY

Makes the worth in Eddy's Matches—seeing our name on the box begets confidence. Lots of other makes where you get more wood for your money—many imitations too, put up "like Eddy's," but they are very different in use.

This name guarantees the quality.

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Money to Loan on Improved Farms.

Current Rates of Interest: Expenses Moderate.

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SOUP NODULES
And other preparations of condensed food specially suited for prospectors, surveyors and explorers, and for
KLONDIKE OUTFITS
London, and 27 St. Peter St. MONTREAL, ENGLAND.

Farm Lands in Manitoba!

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Our No. 1 Collection contains 23 full sized packets of the best Vegetable Seeds, sufficient to furnish vegetables throughout the year, and one packet of Wild-Garden Flower Seeds, which we will send prepaid to any address in the Dominion of Canada or United States for the extremely low price of \$1.

Our No. 2 Collection contains 16 packets of Vegetable Seeds and one packet Wild-Garden Flower Seed Mixture. Prepaid for 50 cents.

Our No. 3 Collection contains 8 packets of Vegetable Seeds for 25c.

Our No. 4 Collection contains 40 packets of Flower Seeds for \$1.

Our No. 5 Collection contains 20 packets of Flower Seeds for 50c.

Our No. 6 Collection contains 10 packets of Flower Seeds for 25c.

All postpaid on receipt of price. For varieties in above collections see our Handsome Illustrated Catalogue containing other great offers. Mailed free to any address.

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It is poor economy to buy ordinary tea when Blue Ribbon Black or Green can be had at a reasonable price.



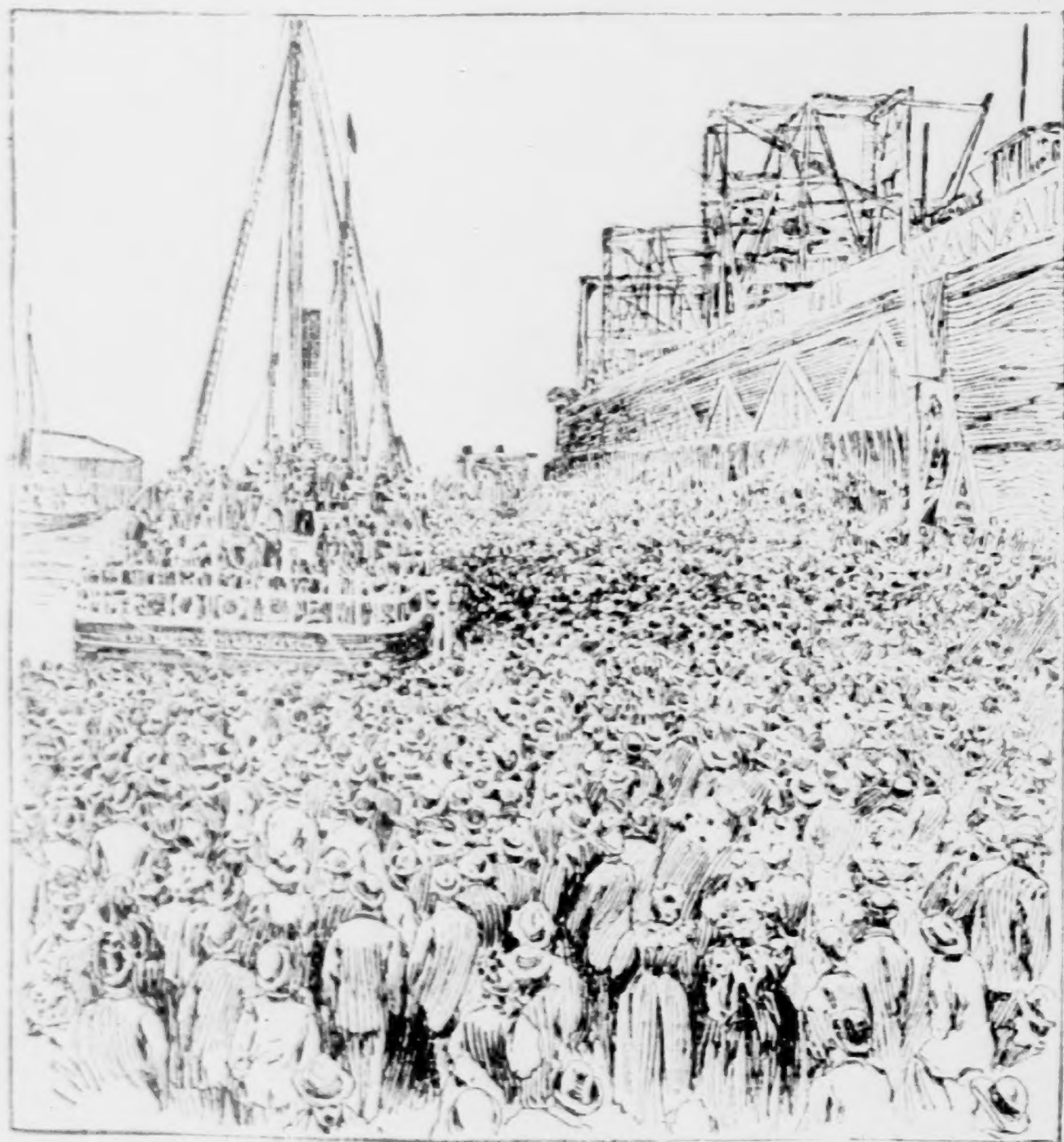
GLACIERS PLOWED THIS PATHWAY TO THE KLONDIKE.

This birdseye view of the route to Dawson City via the Chilkat pass and the lakes gives a vivid idea of the wild country through which the army of gold hunters is now struggling to reach the treasure fields. The sketch shows the route from the head of navigation on Lake Bennett to Dawson.

ROUTES FROM EDMONTON TO THE KLONDIKE MINUTELY DESCRIBED.

Interesting Report Made by Wm. Ogilvie for the Legislative Assembly of the Northwest Territories—Little Difficulty to Make Several Good Roads.

Great interest now attaches to the Edmonton route to the Klondike and far north. There are several routes proposed and as the government is being urged to open one up the following epitome of a report on the subject will be read with interest. The report was presented to the Northwest Assembly, Oct., 1887, by William Ogilvie, D. L. S. The work was evidently undertaken by the council after petition from the residents of Edmonton. The memoria refers to the route from Edmonton to the Peace river country, taking the confluence of the Smoky and Peace rivers as their objective point. The first named is one known as old Fort Assiniboine trail running in a general northwesterly direction from Edmonton and crossing the Pembina and Athabasca rivers and keeping on the ground south of Lesser Slave Lake, till it arrive at the extreme westerly end of the lake. Mr. Ogilvie says that he has been on that part of the trail between Edmonton and the Pembina rivers, a distance of 50 miles. A part of this Edmonton and Lake Beauport or Dead Man's Lake, about 50 miles, is prairie, so that the route could be kept open at very small cost. From the last mentioned point to Lake St. Anne, the country is covered with small timber, which would require to be cleared. He passed over with carts in the spring of 1883. He says he had considerable difficulty in getting his carts through, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. W. T. Thompson, D. L. S., had opened a road for his carts the fall before. From Lake St. Anne to the Pembina river the country is rolling and somewhat sandy. This portion is covered with dry timber which was killed by fire some years before.



BOUND FOR THE KLONDIKE.

This scene, from a photograph taken as the Excelsior was about sailing from San Francisco with passengers bound for the Klondike, is a typical one. Such crowds are always seen when steamers leave the piers of San Francisco and Seattle for Alaska. Every steamer is crowded to its utmost capacity. The passenger lists show that during the first six weeks of the Klondike fever 5,566 persons sailed from American ports. It is estimated that about 2,000 have gone via Vancouver and British Columbia.

it he would say that the character of the country is much the same.

The third route is from Edmonton to the Athabasca, along the Athabasca river to the Lesser Slave Lake, thence Northwest to the Raspberry mountains, thence to the north shore of Lesser Slave Lake post, where connections would be made with the present cart track to Peace river crossing, and which would not be considerably improved by following the Hudson's Bay company's trail. That route he knows pretty well. He was over it in the fall of 1883. By putting a ferry across the Athabasca river and going up to the north side of the Athabasca river, and keeping at the same time about two miles back from the river, a good roadway could be found. It is generally covered with heavy timber, and pretty open, so that there would be no difficulty in cutting a road from the greater part of it. He brought his horses down that way in the fall of '83, and he had no difficulty in leading them. He had two men with him and they cut a little bush here and there at the rate of from 15 to 18 miles per day. There is an easy line of descent from the confluence of the Lesser Slave Lake and Athabasca rivers to the mouth of the Moose river, little difficulty would be experienced in finding a good cart road along the way, as well as plenty of feed for cattle. He cut a road through there in '83 and found only a mile of swamp in the whole distance. From Moose Jaw river it would be necessary to turn northwest from the Lesser Slave lake towards Raspberry mountains. This detour from the river is because of the presence of a swamp. Between Moose river and Raspberry Mountains there are two or three miles of swamp which require more or less of corduroy. From Raspberry Mountains to Slave Lake there is no other obstacle to the construction of a good road than the weeds which cover the surface. Along the north shore of the lake there is no difficulty till you come to the narrows on which there is a piece of low swamp, this would be required to be cross-laid, and a bridge built across the narrows. From this point to the Lesser Slave Lake post no other obstacle can be found than the timber with which the surface is covered, and an occasional small creek. There are many places along the shore where beach could be used as a cart trail. The beach at this place consists of fine sand or gravel. At Lesser Slave Lake post, this route would join the present road to Peace river, and which stands in need of considerable improvements to make it fit for increased traffic. The distance is about seventy-three miles, and he thinks that \$1,000 or \$1,500 judiciously expended would make a fair road. From Athabasca Landing to the mouth of Slave river, a distance of about sixty-five miles, bridging and grading would cost about 20 per cent. more to make the necessary improvements. From Moose Creek to Lesser Slave Lake post the distance would be seventy-five or eighty miles, and it would cost as much per mile as that along the Athabasca river. This would involve a cost of \$1,000. In all for the distance from Athabasca landing to Lesser Slave Lake post, \$11,000, which amount ought to construct a fair, wide roadway giving ample accommodation for all the traffic to and from Peace river.

The roadway from Edmonton to Athabasca Landing, about 80 miles, would also require considerable improvement and one or two other large bridges, viz., over the Sturgeon and Vermillion rivers, or in lieu of these a couple of good ferry scows placed at each place would meet all demands for some time to come. A couple of thousand dollars judiciously expended on this part of the road would I think, make it a fair one. The roadway at present existing is pretty well worn out in some places and a part of it would require to be abandoned as it follows the valley of the Tow-to-row-sipi creek for some miles and is pretty rough. By simply crossing the valley where we first strike it going north and keeping in the woods along the east bank a much more level and a shorter, if not better road can be found. Such a track was cut out in 1883, but has since been blocked by fallen timber. This route he thinks longer than the one from Slave Lake Post, but he thinks it the best of the three.

From Grand Rapids, a distance of 165 miles, there is not an obstacle to the passage of York boats carrying six or seven tons, or steamboats drawing three feet of water. At Grand Rapids the use of half a pound of dynamite would remove the rocks and give a better road. From Grand Rapids to the Necks there is a clear river sheet of 27 miles. Next comes a clear stretch of 16 or 17 miles. From this to Fort McMurray 238 miles. Between Fort McMurray and the lake a river steamer now carries supplies. This experiment would not occupy five or six men more than a season, and it would not cost more than \$1,800.

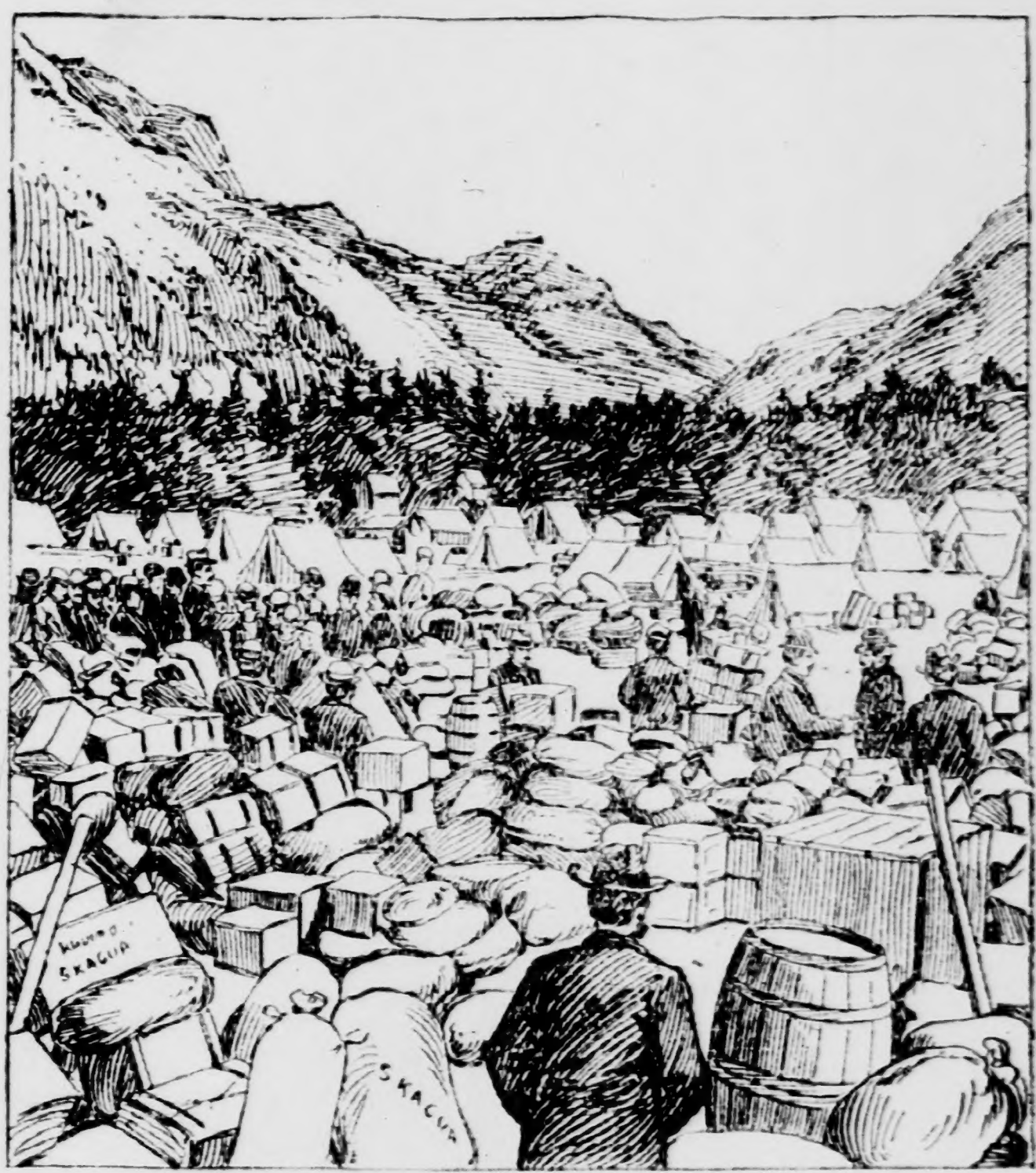
Buried his Lower Half.

By his own direction the lower half of Edward Huebler's body has been interred at Calvary cemetery, St. Louis. The funeral was as solemn as though the whole body was going to the grave. On February 11 Huebler was struck by a train, sustaining injuries that necessitated the amputation of both legs. When he rallied from the shock he decided that his legs should be buried with proper ceremony. He was not able to attend his own half of a funeral, but he had the satisfaction of knowing that his friends and relatives attended the funeral of the lower half. After the funeral Huebler's friends called to see him and gave him assurance that his legs had been accorded Christian burial.

Provincial Appointments.

The following provincial appointments are gazetted: Justices of the peace, Jacques Parent, of Letellier; Bark Jewel, of Letellier; Wm. Tremorin, of St. Claude; John W. Horne, of Winnipeg; Commissioners, Wm. John Robinson, Edward Jos. Elliott, Donald A. Ross, William John Ptolemy, all of Winnipeg; John Mason, Daniel McLean and Scott Garrioch, of Portage la Prairie; Joseph B. Whitehead, of Brandon; David Thos. Ashley, of Gretna; Thos. Cory, of Gladstone.

The resignation of Eugene Wikmeyer, of Gretna, as a police magistrate, is accepted.



AT SKAGGUAY, WAITING FOR TRANSPORTATION.

Hundreds of fortune hunters are stalled at Skagguay awaiting means to transport their outfits over the pass to the Yukon. After the goods are landed from the steamer wagons haul a mile or two for \$5 a load. Then comes a ferry to cross a swift stream, for which \$1 for horses or men and 50 cents a package for baggage and freight are charged. Then come pack mules for four or five miles, with the tariff accordingly, then native Indians for a few miles more, then more ferries to the landing at the foothills, where the hard work of crossing the mountains begins.

THE YUKON BOATS.

Description of the Craft that Ply on Off-Named River.

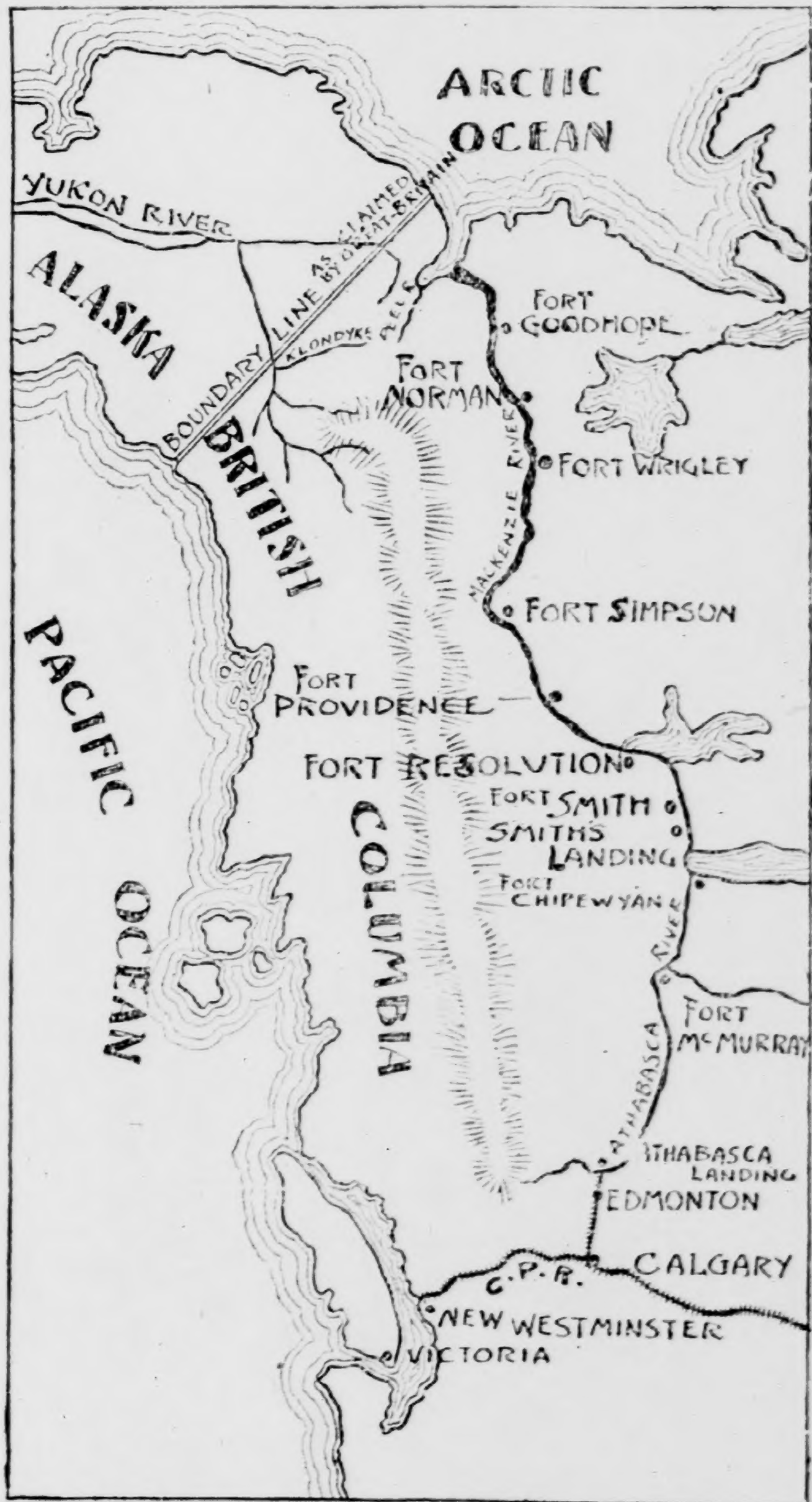
Some interesting facts with regard to boat building for Yukon service have been given by Mr. W. D. Turner, president of the Alaska Trading and Mining Company.

It is quite an easy thing to build a boat, but, according to Mr. Turner, a boat for the Yukon is not just the same sort of craft that would do for other service. The Weare, the largest Yukon river steamer, draws four feet of water, and she was stuck last season. Flat-bottomed boats, 165 feet long and 36 feet wide, drawing 21 inches when loaded, and made of wood are supposed to be the most practicable for the Yukon river. A boat of this kind will carry 200 passengers and three hundred tons of freight, and will cost about \$120,000. It can be placed on land in winter and used as an hotel. The bare hull covered so that it will float with either side up, is towed by an ocean steamer from Seattle to St. Michael's and the machinery is shipped as freight. One ocean steamer can tow two of these hulls.

The expenses of running the boats are high. River captains on the Yukon command a salary of \$250 per month.

and they are paid that the year round on contract, although the season of navigation commences about June 20 and closes about October 15 or 20. Pursers are paid \$200 a month on a year's contract, and pilots get \$175 a month. A river steamer can make only two round trips from St. Michael's to Dawson City in one open season. Many have tried to make three round trips, but were generally stuck in the ice on the latter half of the trip. Coal must be used as fuel the first three hundred miles from the mouth of the Yukon, as no wood is found in that section.

Mr. Turner estimates that there will be well on to 200,000 men on the Yukon and its tributaries by next June. He thinks that a good many of these will find themselves disappointed as they will not be able to continue their journey to the gold fields. There will be only 42 river steamers all told on the Yukon this summer, and all of them have already had all their available space for the entire season in advance. He doesn't see how the thousands of people who will be carried to St. Michael's in the ocean steamers will find their passage up the river to Dawson City. One ocean steamer carries from 50 to 800 passengers, while a river steamer on the Yukon can, as a rule, carry only some 200.



CANADIAN ROUTE TO THE KLONDIKE.

This route is from Victoria and up the Athabasca, Mackenzie and Peel rivers. The entire distance is about 2,300 miles. Canoes are used chiefly, and the trip is made in from 60 to 80 days. Dog trains are used when the rivers are frozen. The advantage to Canadians is in the organized line of communication.

Give the Baby a Chance

The only food that will build up a weak constitution gradually but surely is

Martin's Cardinal Food

a simple, scientific and highly nutritive preparation for infants, delicate children and invalids.

KERRY WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.

Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, March 8, 1898.

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wednesday, March 2	24	-7
Thursday, " 3	22	-7
Friday, " 4	15	-8
Saturday, " 5	28	-4
Sunday, " 6	37	-14
Monday, " 7	35	-9
Tuesday, " 8	26	-10

Local and General

The Manitoba legislature was opened today.

Mr. J. McLay of Touchwood was in town Monday.

Subscribe for The Progress and keep posted. Only \$1 per year.

Mr. Ezra Shaw and bride returned from Omamee, Ont., Saturday.

Mr. C. J. Atkinson, the evangelist, is at present holding union meetings at Birtle, Man.

E. A. McBain, of Winnipeg, travelling agent for Massey-Harris bicycles, was in town this week.

The spring trade will soon be commencing. Now is the time to get your advertisement in The Progress.

A rink skipped by C. T. Bailey went down to Indian Head on Thursday last. They won a game in the afternoon and lost a hard game at night.

Mr. Robt. Cochrane, representing the J. B. Armstrong Manufacturing Co. of Guelph, paid the town a visit this week. We were much pleased to have the privilege of renewing acquaintance with Mr. Cochrane.

Mr. Wilson, of Moose Jaw, returned from Ontario Sunday, and stopped off here to see his son, Mr. T. J. Wilson, of Edgeley. While in Kingston Mr. Wilson purchased a carload of wagons and a carload of buggies.

Two of our young bachelors—a (saw) horsebreaker and speculator—have decided to journey to the land of Uncle Sam. We are sorry to hear of their departure, and confidently hope they will soon return—not sadder but wiser men.

J. F. Guerin, L. D. S., dental surgeon, will be at the Queen's hotel for one week, commencing Monday, March 14, remaining until Saturday the 19th inclusive, where he may be consulted on all matters appertaining to surgical and artificial dentistry.

The lecture on "Mormonism" delivered by Rev. A. W. Ross in the Methodist church on Wednesday evening drew forth a crowded house, who listened with marked attention to the speaker, and pronounced it one of the ablest lectures ever delivered here. Owing to press of work we are this week unable to give a full report.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Bulger, member of the Northwest Council for this district, we have received a copy of the Skaguay News, published at Skaguay, Alaska. We must confess we were somewhat surprised to see such a neat and well got up paper from that far-off land. It will compare very favorably with many of our eastern exchanges.

A Kansas editor says: "This town has the biggest liar, the ugliest woman, the prettiest girl, the worst gossip, the best flouring mill and the best local newspaper of any town of its size in the State." The editor deserves a vote of thanks for his town, but when it comes to the biggest liar, the worst gossip

and the best up-to-date local newspaper, Yorkton stands supreme—the flour mill is in the prospective.—Yorkton Enterprise.

Try a local "ad" in these columns and see how much benefit you will derive thereby.

Mr. Wellington Powley met with a serious loss last week by the death of his thoroughbred stallion Leonard.

Mr. W. Cranston, advance agent for Hardie's Ideals, came in on last night's train. His company play here tomorrow night.

"Hardie's Ideals" will not arrive in time to give a performance this evening, consequently the show is postponed till tomorrow (Friday) evening.

An Up-to-date Cataract Cure.

Woodville, Ont., Feb. 23, 1897. It gives us great pleasure to testify to the excellent effects of Dr. Chase's Cataract Cure. It has completely cured me of cataract in the head. I praise it as an up-to-date cure. Jas. Stuart, Harness Maker.

The second we believe of the routine socials organized by the ladies' aid of the Presbyterian church, will take place at the residence of Mr. L. G. Bell, sec. 4 18-14, on Friday night. Teams will be at hand to convey all intending to take part. Judging from the interest being taken in making preparations, a good time is assured. All who can conveniently attend are advised to do so.

The carrying out of the law is to be commended by all. However, the end does not always justify the means, and certainly the means adopted of employing spotters in order to persecute our hotelkeepers, who as a rule are most desirous of living up to the law, is beneath contempt. Let those whom the cap fits wear it. Besides the contemptibleness of the method, its utter futility is so glaring that it is surprising that those who resort to these methods do not see that they are bringing their object to ridicule. The last week we have been visited in Qu'Appelle by one of these individuals. Twenty-four hours previous to his advent the smallest boy in town knew of his expected coming; his description was familiar to everyone, and his going was like his coming, a case of making himself scarce.

Vernon.

(From our own correspondent.)

Mr. A. Whiting intends farming on a larger scale in future. He has succeeded in buying the half of 15-19-15 from W. C. Cameron. We wish him success in his enterprise.

Mr. W. McMichael was through this district buying cattle, good figures being paid.

Mr. C. H. Evans leaves this week on a trip to the coast. He has rented his farm to Mr. F. G. Whitney in the meantime. We trust Mr. Evans does not intend to leave us for good.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Miles intend leaving for California at an early date. They will be greatly missed by their many friends.

Mr. Jones and family, relations of Mrs. A. T. Whiting, leave England on the 17th inst., and are expected to arrive about the 30th.

Mr. P. Johnstone was through buying young cattle. He bought a few fine animals from Mr. C. H. Evans, for which he paid a good price.

Miss Evans, a friend of Mrs. E. T. Johnston, is expected in a few days from Wales.

On Tuesday evening a grand sur-

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair, Gold Medal, Milwaukee Fair

prise was tendered Mr. C. H. Evans from his friends from the west, about thirty turning up to give him a send-off previous to his departure for the Coast. The party broke up at an early hour. Mr. Evans wishes to thank all his friends for their well-wishes.

The land given for the site of St. Thomas's is to be transferred immediately.

Patent Report.

Below will be found the only complete report of patents granted this week to Canadian inventors by the United States government. This report is prepared specially for this paper by Messrs. Marion & Marion, solicitors of patents and experts, head office 185 James st., Temple building, Montreal:

John Edmonds, Woodburn, Ont., draining machine; Chas. A. McClair, et al., North Brookfield, stamp tappet; Peter McMurray, Welland, acetylene gas generator; John M. Parkinson, Toronto, detachable fastener for cuff links; Marmaduke Matthews, Bracondale, pedal for bicycles.

Rev. Chas. Fish, Methodist Minister, 192 Dunn ave., Toronto, cured of Eczema.

About ten years ago I felt the beginnings of what is commonly known as Eczema. The disease commenced in my ears and spread entirely over both sides of my head and also developed on my hands. During those ten years I was a great sufferer. Specialists on skin diseases treated me. As I write this I am just commencing on the fifth box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and judging from the rapid improvement effected I am certain that before the box is used I shall be completely cured. Chas. Fish, Methodist minister, 192 Dunn av., Toronto.

British navy estimates have been increased by \$1,440,400.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c

BIRTHS

WYATT—At Qu'Appelle station, on the 4th inst., the wife of W. J. Wyatt, of a daughter.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to A. D. DICKSON, BARRISTER, QU'APPELLE

WOLSELEY FLOUR

Boots and Shoes

At slight advance on cost Until sold out. GEO. AMBLER.

I've Got them. What?

Lemons, Oranges, Apples; Bananas to arrive in a few days. My stock of Confections and Groceries is complete. Did you say you were out of Potatoes? I have a few to sell. MRS. E. AMBLER, Qu'Appelle Stn.

FOR SALE.

A blocky Clyde team, about 1,300 each, aged 5 and 7. Apply to E. HANDSIDE, sec. 34-18-14, Qu'Appelle station. 21p

Tenders for Building Stone.

The undersigned will receive tenders for BUILDING STONE, to be delivered on Felt Factory site at once. 21st MacCAUL & HARVEY.

New Goods

Arriving Daily.

If you want anything in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Etc., call and see us. Prices right.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Just Arrived

NEW BOOTS and SHOES, RUBBERS IN ALL KINDS.

A SNAP—Ladies Dongola Buttoned BOOTS, First Quality, \$1.50 a Pair.

C. T. BAILEY & CO.

MacCaul & Harvey



CRACKED CORN SACKED

\$1.25 per 100 lbs.

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel.

The only Licensed house at Fort Qu'Appelle.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking Health or Recreation find the **Qu'Appelle Lakes** Just the locality to meet their requirements.

As well as a "Sportsman's Paradise."

ROBERT S. SMITH, Prop.
FORT QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

C. FETHERSTONHAUGH, LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage Between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station.

First Class Rigs and Horses. Careful Drivers

Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station at 8 a.m., and the Fort at 2.30.

For Sale.

A FIRST CLASS ORGAN, has been used very little. This is a snap. Apply to W. L. WAIT, Qu'Appelle.

FOR SALE.

For sale or exchange for stock, 2 second-hand seed-drills, complete and in good repair, will be sold cheap. Apply to W. C. CAMERON, Manager Edgeley Farm, Edgeley P.O. 20tf

Fresh Killed Meat

H. BRAY,
Wholesale and Retail BUTCHER

QU'APPELLE STREET, QU'APPELLE STATION.

DRESSED: PORK: AND: POULTRY BOUGHT: AND: SOLD.

CUSTOM SOLICITED